

EC-14 Reflection Co-efficient ( $\Delta$ ): - Mathematically, <sup>124</sup>  
 19-2-25 the reflection co-efficient is defined as the ratio of  $E_{0r}$  to  $E_{0i}$  and it is expressed as

$$\Delta_E = E_{0r} / E_{0i} = \frac{\eta_2 - \eta_1}{\eta_1 + \eta_2} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

The reflection co-eff. is a parameter which describes how much of an EMW is reflected by an impedance discontinuity in the transmission medium.

Transmission Co-efficient ( $T$ ): Mathematically, it is defined as the ratio of  $E_{0t}$  to  $E_{0i}$

$$T_E = \frac{E_{0t}}{E_{0i}} = \left[ \frac{2\eta_2}{\eta_1 + \eta_2} \right] \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

Similarly,  $T_E = \left( \frac{2\eta_2}{\eta_1 + \eta_2} \right) = \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{\mu_0}{\epsilon_2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{\mu_0}{\epsilon_2}} + \sqrt{\frac{\mu_0}{\epsilon_1}}}$

$$T_E = \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{\epsilon_2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\epsilon_2}} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{\epsilon_1}}} = \frac{2\sqrt{\epsilon_1}}{\sqrt{\epsilon_1} + \sqrt{\epsilon_2}} \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

Also,  $\Delta_H = \frac{\sqrt{\epsilon_2} - \sqrt{\epsilon_1}}{\sqrt{\epsilon_1} + \sqrt{\epsilon_2}} \quad \text{--- (4)}$

Similarly,  $T_H = \frac{2\sqrt{\epsilon_2}}{\sqrt{\epsilon_1} + \sqrt{\epsilon_2}} \quad \text{--- (5)}$

The transmission co-efficient describes the amplitude, intensity or total power of transmitted waves relative to an incident wave.